

City of Somerville **ZONING OVERHAUL**

www.somervillezoning.com

October 16, 2018

VERSION 3.0



Current Operating System



Proposed Operating System



OSPCD GOALS

- 1. Receive public comment
- 2. Create a work plan with BOA
- 3. Adopt an ordinance

TONIGHT'S AGENDA

- 1. Summary of what has changed
- 2. What work still needs done?

TONIGHT'S AGENDA

- 1. Summary of what has changed
 - a) Language Improvements
 - b) Neighborhood Residence
 - c) Zoning Maps
 - d) Landscaping & Green Score
 - e) Sustainability

Language Improvements



1.2 TRANSITION RULES

1. Previous Approvals

- a. Any discretionary or administrative permit issued prior to the adoption of this Ordinance remains valid, subject to all conditions of the approval.
- Any discretionary or administrative permit, excluding subdivision plan approval, issued prior to the first notice of the public hearing for any amendment to this Ordinance, remains valid, subject to all conditions of the approval.

1.3 ADOPTION & EFFECT

1. Adoption Date

a. This Ordinance was adopted by the Board of Aldermen on Month, XX, 201X.

2. In Effect

a. This Ordinance takes effect upon its passage and supersedes the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Somerville adopted on March, 23, 1990, as amended.



1.2 ADOPTION & EFFECT

1. Adoption Date

a. This Ordinance was adopted by the Somerville Board of Aldermen on Month, XX, 201X and supersedes the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Somerville adopted on March, 23, 1990, as amended.

2. Applicability

- a. This Ordinance is applicable on the date it is adopted.
 - Amendments to this Ordinance are applicable on the date first publicly noticed in accordance with M.G.L. 40A.
- c. The Review Boards & Officials may not issue any permit for development that will be in violation to any amendment to this Ordinance once that amendment has been publicly noticed in accordance with M.G.L. 40A.
- d. Permits issued prior to the applicability dates of §1.2.2.a and §1.2.2.b remain valid, subject to the conditions of the permit(s).



Neighborhood Residence



January 2015 & 2018

October 2018

Household Living

Residential occupancy of a building or residential portion of a building in dwelling units by individuals; two (2) or more persons related by blood, marriage, adoption, or foster care agreement; or no more than four (4) unrelated persons living as a single housekeeping unit for at least thirty (30) days or more.

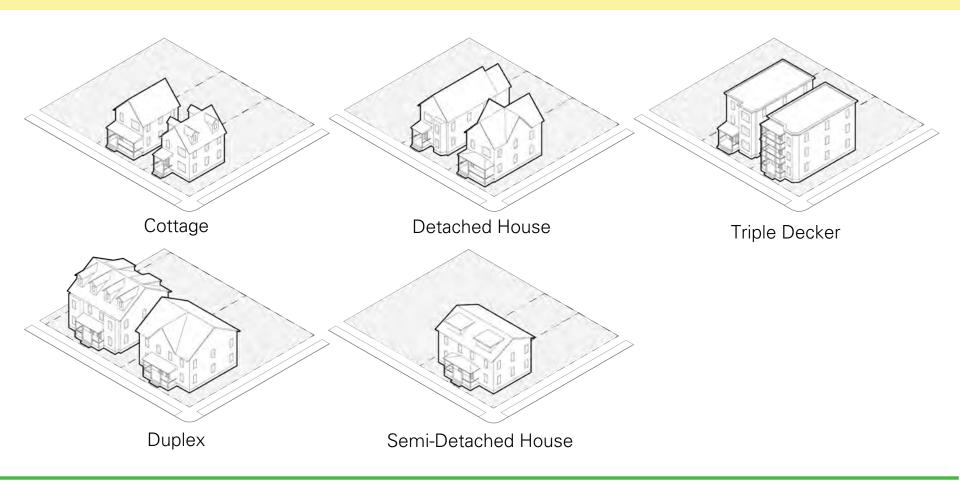
Household Living

Residential occupancy of a building or portion of a building in dwelling units by any number of persons related by blood, marriage, adoption, or foster care agreement and up to three (3) additional unrelated persons living together as a single housekeeping unit.

Rental of a dwelling unit for less than thirty (30) consecutive days requires compliance with all City Ordinances.

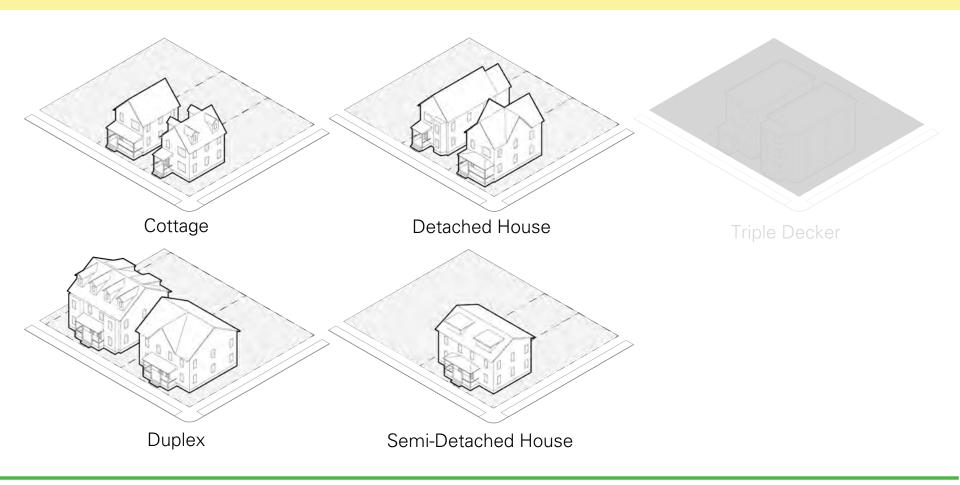
Residential occupancy of an accessory building type is permitted only in conjunction with a Household Living principal use on the same lot in accordance with §9.2.2.10.b Accessory Apartments.

NEIGHBORHOOD RESIDENCE

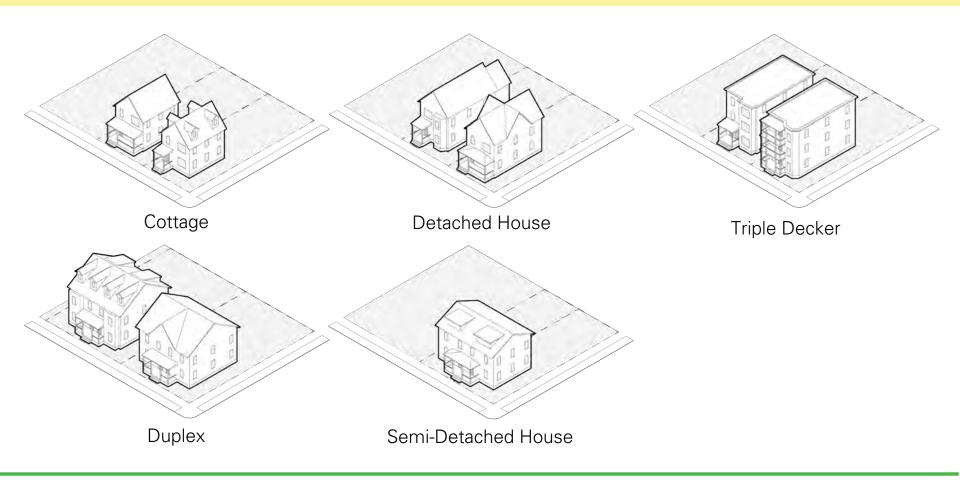




NEIGHBORHOOD RESIDENCE



NEIGHBORHOOD RESIDENCE



TRIPLE DECKER

A "principal" <u>building type</u> permitted "by right" but...

New triple deckers are permitted only on a lot that meets either, or both, of the following:

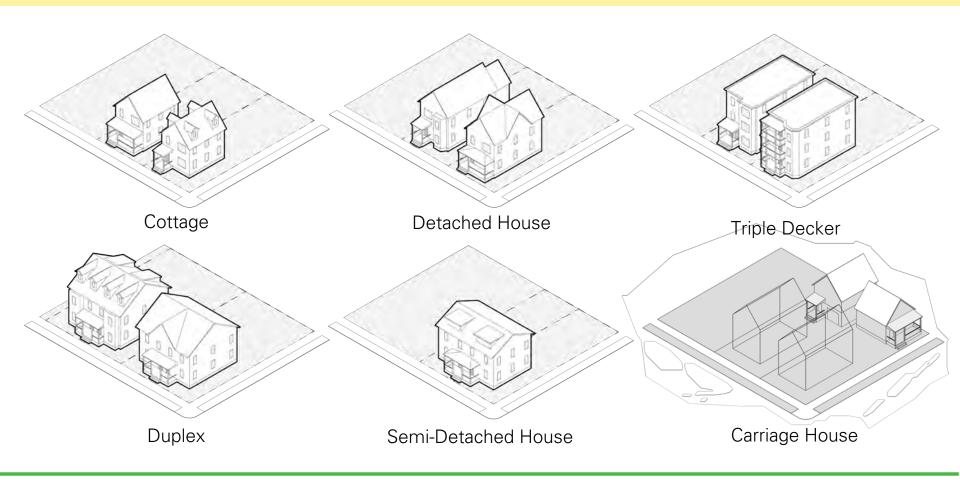
- 1. the lot is directly adjacent to a lot with a preexisting triple decker; or
- 2. the lot is directly abutting any property in the UR, MR, or HR zoning districts

How Many?

411 new Triple Deckers for **549** new DU over existing; **OSPCD** considers this the "FLOOR" for discussions



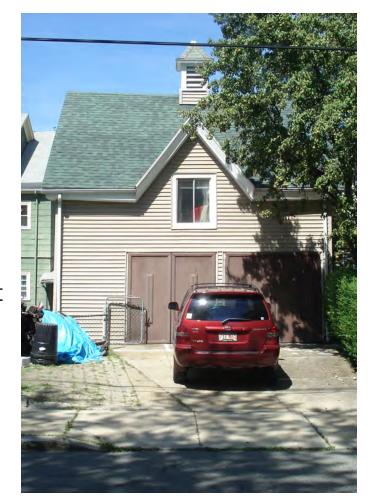
NEIGHBORHOOD RESIDENCE (Fall 2018)



CARRIAGE HOUSE

An "accessory" building type permitted BY RIGHT

- One (1) permitted per lot, excluding triple deckers
- Similar size to a Cottage "principle" building type
- Only 1 or 2 stories in height
- Must be setback 60 ft from the front lot line
- Must be separated from Principal Building by 10 ft
- Site planned and constructed with life safety considerations



Create a new <u>ACCESSORY USE</u> permitted by <u>SPECIAL PERMIT</u>

PURPOSE:

To allow supplemental income for the owner by renting to people that are under their "supervision"

Create a new ACCESSORY USE permitted by SPECIAL PERMIT

Residential occupancy of a dwelling unit that is subordinate to an owner-occupied Household Living principal use on the same lot.

- Accessory apartments are permitted only within a Principal or Accessory building type and no more than
 one (1) accessory apartment use is permitted per lot.
- Accessory apartments must be owned by an owner-occupant of another dwelling unit on the same lot.
- The property owner must occupy the associated Household Living use or the accessory apartment.
- The total number of individuals residing within an accessory apartment and the associated Household Living use on the same lot may not exceed the number permitted by §9.2.10.a Household Living.
- No additional parking is required for an accessory apartment.
- In its discretion to approve or deny a special permit authorizing an accessory apartment, the review board shall consider, at least, the following:
 - The review considerations for all Special Permits as specified in §15.2.1.e. Review Criteria.
 - Location, visibility, and design of the principal entrance to the accessory apartment.
 - Path of access to the accessory apartment and the privacy of residents and neighboring properties.
 - Location of loading, trash and recycling storage.



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Household Living

Residential occupancy of a building or portion of a building in dwelling units by any number of persons related by blood, marriage, adoption, or foster care agreement and up to three (3) additional unrelated persons



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GARAGES & OUTBUILDINGS

Detached "accessory" structures

- Garage, Playhouse, Workshop, Barn, or Shed
- Maximum dimensions:
 - 15ft height
 - 24ft wide
 - 24ft deep



GARAGES & OUTBUILDINGS

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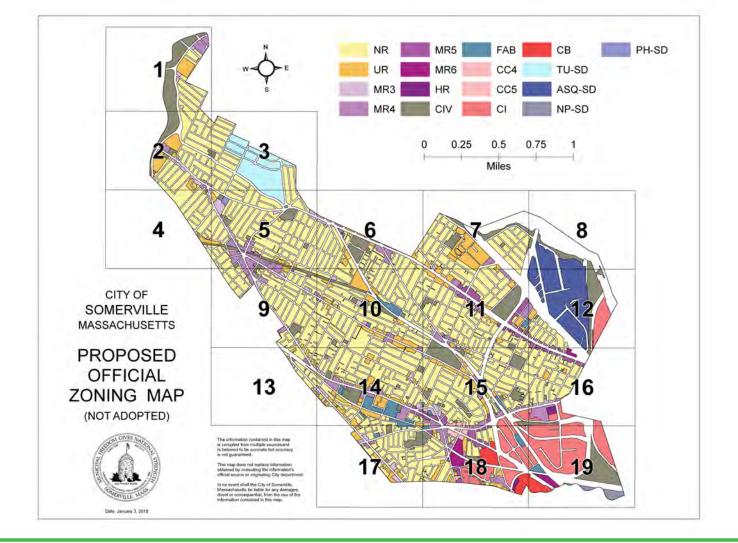
How Many?

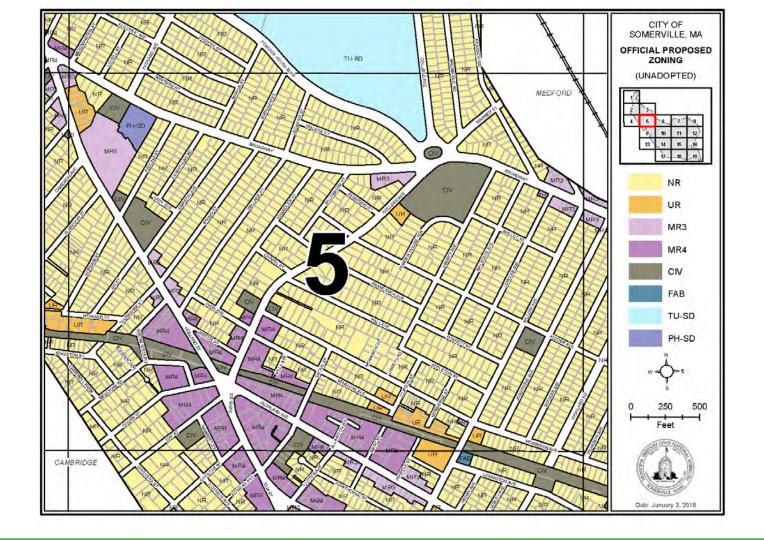
1,870 detached garages or other outbuildings that could be converted to a Carriage House (use as an accessory apartment requires a Special Permit)



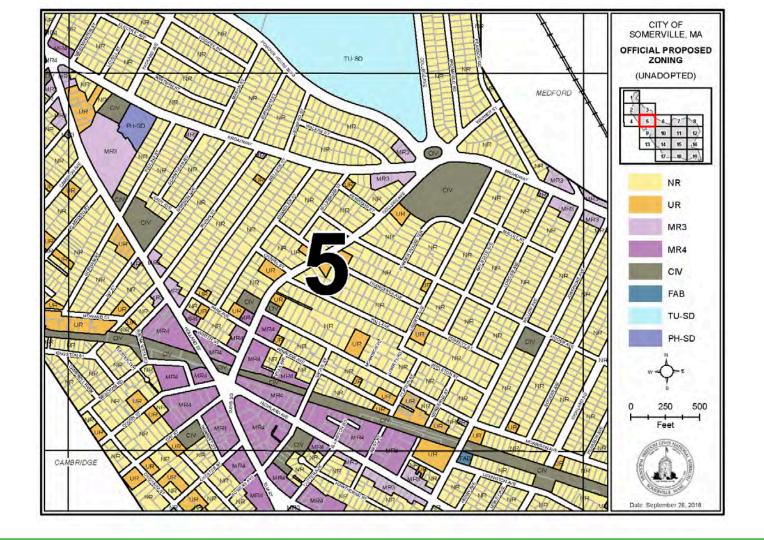
Zoning Maps



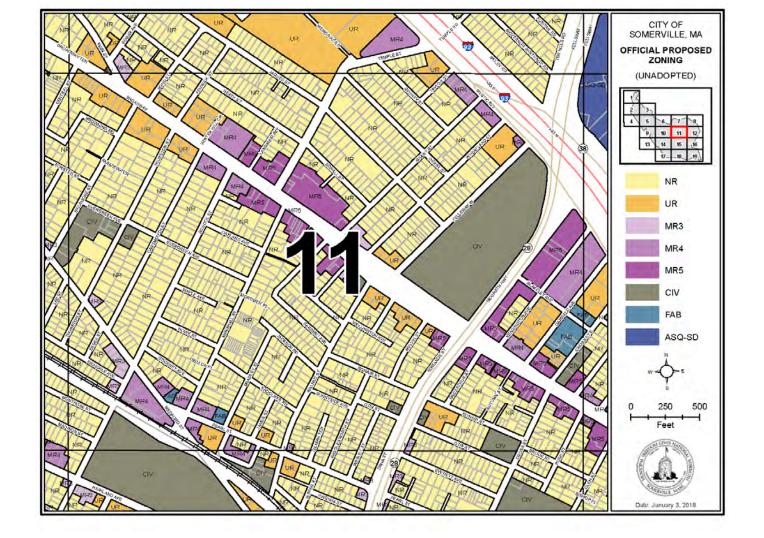




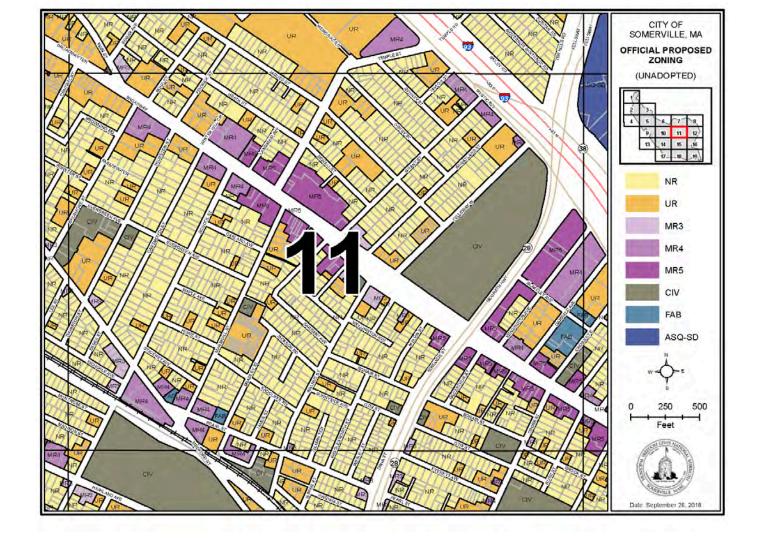




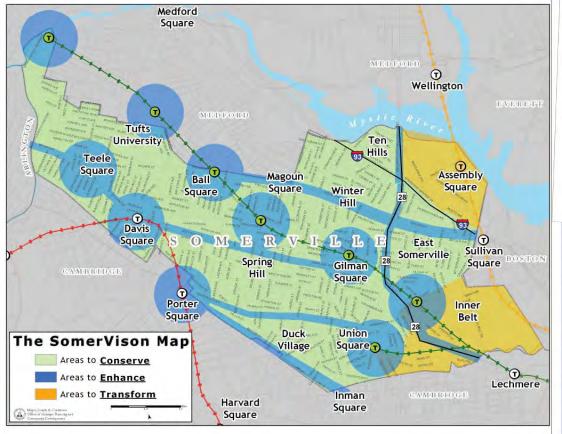


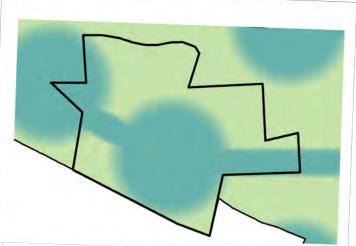




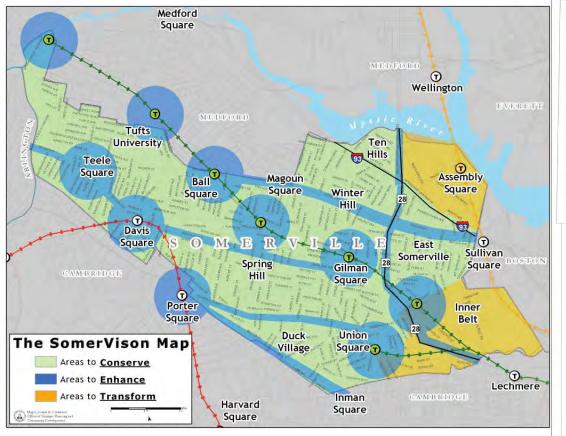






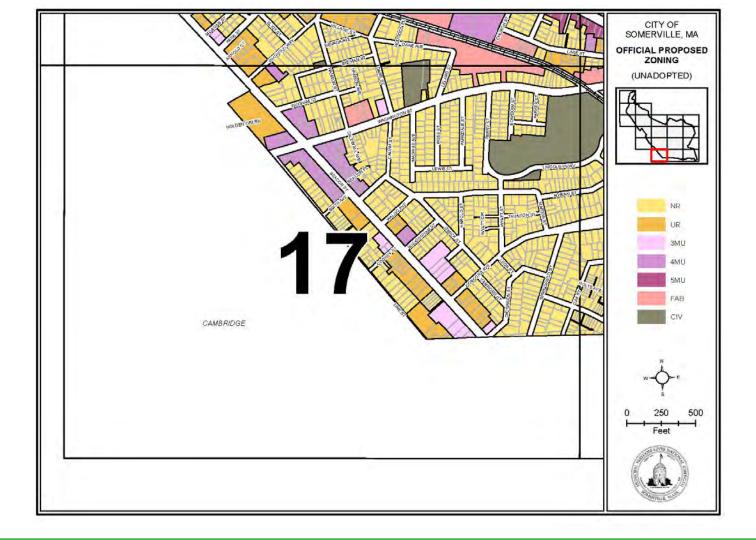


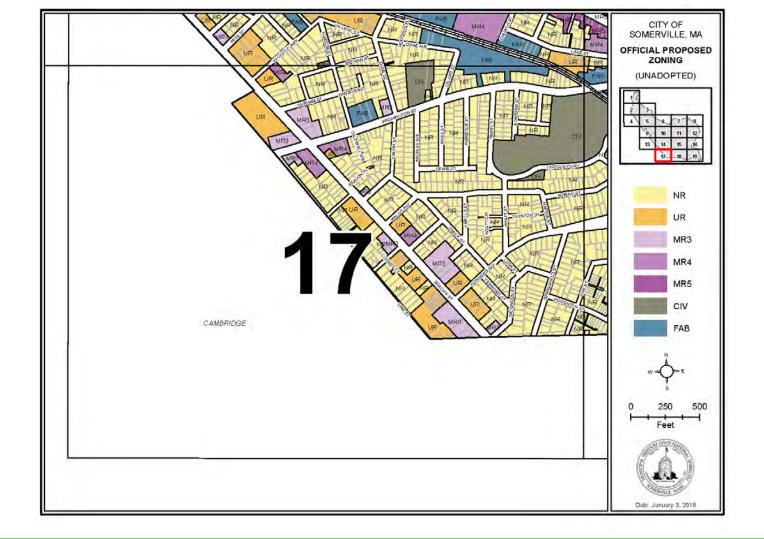
Davis Square



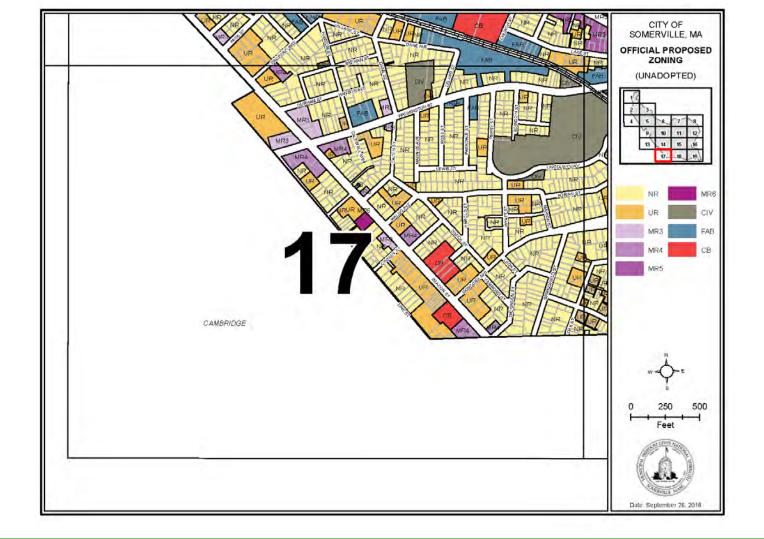


Davis Square











Landscaping & Green Score



10. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

10.3 LANDSCAPING

1. Purpose

- To ensure vegetation is properly planted and installed. in a timely manner.
- b. To increase the compatibility of development in adjacent zoning districts, minimize the potential adverse impacts of adjacent land uses, increase privacy, and minimize the trespass of undue sound and light between adjacent properties.
- c. To protect existing trees and expand the city's mature tree canopy in order to enhance the quality of life within Somerville.
- d. To promote a healthy urban forest.

2. Applicability

- a. This section is applicable to all development involving the construction of a new principal building, site improvements, or the construction or reconstruction of a surface parking lot or civic space.
- b. Modifications to an existing principal building type. the addition of permitted building components and frontages to an existing principal building type, changes in use, and the construction of a new accessory structures are permitted without trippering the standards of this section
- Normal maintenance of a existing principal building type including, but not limited to painting, roof replacement, re-siding, window replacement, and other improvements deemed to be cosmetic in nature by the Building Official, is permitted without triggering the standards of this section.
- d. Resealing or re-striping of a parking lot, which does not entail paving, resurfacing, or replacement of the asphalt, concrete, or other surface paving material. is permitted without triagering the standards of this
- e. When compliance is triggered for an existing surface parking lot, the landscape standards of this section. take precedence over parking standards found elsewhere in this Ordinance.

3. Landscape Installation

- a: National Standards
 - Landscape Vegetation and other horticultural. materials must be installed in accordance with the latest edition of the American Standard for Nursery Stock published by American Hort.
- b. Installation Prior to Occupancy
 - All Landscaping required by this Ordinance must be installed completed prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy by the Building Official
 - ii. If seasonal or abnormally inclement weather conditions preclude complete installation,

the Building Official may grant a Certificate of Occupancy if the applicant provides a bond or other security equal in value the remaining work to be completed as estimated by an accredited landscape professional.

iii. Complete installation is required within nine (9) months of the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy or the bond will be forfeited.

4. Landscape Maintenance

- All landscape vegetation must be maintained in healthy, growing condition at all times by the property. owner(s) or their designated agent(s)
- b. Lawns turi grass must be mowed and edged; planting beds must mulched, groomed, weeded, and kept free of litter; all trees, nedges, bushes, shrubs, and other vegetation must be trimmed to prevent encroachment. by growth that obstructs use of the sidewalk of any public thoroughfare by pedestrians in any way.
- Vegetation that is significantly damaged, missing, infested, disease-ridden, or dead must be replaced within one (1) year or by the next planting season. whichever occurs first,
- Landscape Vegetation that is deemed hazardous or unsafe or that interferes with public utilities must be abated by the property owner as soon as practicable or within thirty (30) days of notice by the Building Official
- The Building Official may remove any landscaping that is an immediate peril to persons or property summarily. without notice, and at the property owner's expense.

5. Site Landscaping

- Lot Coverage Ground Treatment
- i All non-paved and non-built areas of a site must be stabilized and covered by pariss are to reduce storm water runoff, prevent soil erosion, and promote water retention, with the exception of the following areas Any portion of a lot uncovered by structures or impermeable surfaces must be landscaped with one (1) or more of the following. treatments:
- a). Land area dedicated to Urban agricultural
- activities subject to Article 9. Use Provisions:
- b). Trails Seeded or sodded turfgrass maintained until coverage is complete:
- c). Naturally occurring stream bads, rockoutcroppings, and similar features typically tacking in vegetation Ground covers appropriate for the location that are sized and spaced to provide at least fifty percent (50%) coverage after the first full growing season and complete coverage at maturity:
- d). Clay or sand surfaces associated with athletic fields Bushes, shrubs, vines, flowers, and

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10. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

other horticultural materials that are sized and spaced to provide at least fifty percent (50%) coverage at the time of planting with the remaining area covered by coarse grade ground coverage mulch; and

- e). Water features Trees;
- f). Permeable, pervious, or porous pavements. with appropriate bedding and an aggregate sub-base;
- g). Inorganic surfacing such as crushed stone. gravel, shell, pea gravel, and washed stone covering no more than ten percent (10%) of the uncovered lot area in total
- Trails; naturally occurring stream beds, rock outcroppings, and similar features typically lacking in vegetation, clay or sand surfaces associated with h. Restrictions athletic fields; and water features are exempt.
- Constructed water features such as fountains and ponds that operate with water recirculation systems must be designed to prevent seepage and

b. Trees

- New trees must have a minimum height of ten (10) feet or be three (3) two (2) inches in callper when planted
- ii. For trees less than four (4) inches in diameter, caliper is measured six (6) inches from the ground. For trees between four (4) inches and twelve (12)inches in diameter, caliper is measured twelve (12). inches from the ground.
- III. The root flare of new trees must be exposed and planted at grade
- ly. New trees may not have a significant negative. impact on any abutting properties when fully grown, such as shading a solar collector existing at the time the tree is planted.

- Vegetation must be planted in soil of sufficient volume, composition, and nutrient balance to sustain health growth.
- ii. Soils must be appreciably free of gravel, stones, rubble, or trash.
- iii. All compacted soil, contaminated soil, or road base b. Type fill must be removed.

d. Mulch

- Ground cover mulches certified by the Mulch & Soil Council are highly recommended.
- The use of fine grade and shredded soil conditioning mulches as ground cover mulch is inappropriate.
- iii Mulch made from cypress, cocoa shells, and nubber is prohibited.
- e. Spacing
- 1. The spacing and placement of plants must be

adequate and appropriate for the typical size, shape, and habit of the plant species at maturity. f Weather Protection

Landscape areas within six (6) feet of a paved vehicular parking area or roadway of a thoroughfare must be raised or protected by curbing or edging at: least six (6) inches in elevation above the finished pavement to protect plantings from traffic, de-icing salts, and snow plowing operations common to the winter season.

g. Water features

Constructed water features such as pools. fountains, and ponds that operate with water recirculation systems must be designed to prevent seepage and leaks.

- i Invasive plant species to the State of Massachusetts are prohibited must be removed if already existing on a development site.
- Vegetation with spines, thoms, or needles that may present hazards to pedestrians are prohibited from within two (2) feet of any front lot line.
- iii. Nothing but ground cover less than six (6) inches in height may be planted or installed within any underground or overflead utility or drainage easement without consent of the utility provider or easement holder and the City of Somerville.
- iv. Nothing but ground cover less than six (6) inches in height may be planted or installed within three (3) feet of any fire protection system.
- V. Artificial plants and artificial turf are prohibited. excluding athletic fields that are subject to intense use and soil compaction that prohibits the establishment of turf grass and areas where paving or grass paving systems will not suffice given the area's purpose and level of use.

6. Landscape Buffers

- Any lot abutting the side or rear lot line of a lot in the NR district must be screened by a landscape
- - Landscape buffers must be designed as a Type A or Type B buffer in accordance with Table 10.4 (a).

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Article 10: Site Development

10.3 Landscaping 10.3.5.a Ground Treatment

Lot area uncovered by structures or impermeable surfaces must be landscaped with one (1) or more of the following treatments:

- 1. Urban agricultural activities subject to Article 9. Use Provisions;
- 2. Seeded or sodded turfgrass maintained until coverage is complete;
- 3. Ground covers appropriate for the location that are sized and spaced to provide at least fifty percent (50%) coverage after the first full growing season and complete coverage at maturity;
- 4. Bushes, shrubs, vines, flowers, and other horticultural materials that are sized and spaced to provide at least fifty percent (50%) coverage at the time of planting with the remaining area covered by coarse grade ground coverage mulch;
- 5. Trees;
- 6. Permeable, pervious, or porous pavements with appropriate bedding and an aggregate sub-base;
- 7. Inorganic surfacing such as crushed stone, gravel, shell, pea gravel, and washed stone covering no more than ten percent (10%) of the uncovered lot area in total.



GROUND COVER MULCH



Coarse Grade:

15mm Minimum



10. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

Green Factor Score

10.4 GREEN FACTOR SCORE

1. Overview

- The Green factor score of a property is an environmental performance-based landscape standard measured as a ratio of the weighted value of all landscape elements to the total land area (in square feet) of a lot.
- Calculation of the green fector score uses a value based system to prioritize incentivize landscape elements and site design that contributes to the reduction of storm water runoff, the improvement of urban air quality, mitigation of the urban heat island effect, and improved well-being of residents and visitors.
- The result of the green factor calculation relates to an increase in the environmental performance and quality of urban landscape features.

2. Applicability

a. This section is applicable to the construction of a new principal building and to the modification, interior rengaritor, or both of an existing principal building that exceeds one hundred percent 190% of the assessed value of the building, as identified on the most recent tax list maintained by the Assessor's Office of the City of Somerville, within any twelve (12) month period.

3. Compliance & Enforcement

- Real property must achieve a Green Score as indicated elsewhere in this Ordinance for each building type.
 Refer to the provisions of each zoning district for more information.
- The Building Official shall establish standards for the administration of this Section.

4. Calculation

- a The Green factor score is calculated as follows:
 - Determine total lot area
- iii. Calculate the area of each proposed landscape element for each category identified in the first column of Table 10.3 (a). Certain types of plantings use the number of individual plants multiplied by an equivalent square footage when indicated in the second column of Table 10.3 (a).
- Multiply the area in square feet, or the equivalent square footage, of each fandscape element by the assigned multiplier identified in the second third column of Table 10.3 (a) to determine its weighted square footage.
- Add the weighted square footage of all landscape elements together.
- Divide the resulting sum by the area of the lot to determine the Green Factor Score
- If necessary, redesign the landscape plan to achieve the required Green Score.

TABLE 10.3 (a) Green Score Calculation

	Credit	Multiplier
Ground/Underground		
Landscaped area (soil depth < 24 inches)	actual sf	0.3
Landscaped area (soil depth => 24 inches)	actual sf	0.6
Pervious Paving. 16 to 24 inches of subsurface, soil or gravell	actual sf	0.2
Pervious Paving (more than 24 inches of subsurface soil or gravel)	actual sf	0.5
Rain gardens, bioswales, and stormwater planters.	actual sf	1.0
Vegetation		
Turfgrass, mulch, and inorganic surfacing materials	actual sf	0.1
Vegetation less than two (2) feet tall at maturity	actual sf	0.2
Vegetation at least two (2) feet tall at maturity	12 st.	0.3
Small Tree	50 st	0.6
Large Tree	450 sf.	0.6
Preserved Tree	65 st.	0.8
Vegetated Wall	actual sf	0.7
Green Roof (2"-6" growth medium)	actual sf	0.3
Green Roof (6"-10" growth medium)	actual sf	0.6
Bonus Credits		
Publicly visible landscape	1	.0.1
Native species	-	0,1
Biodiverse landscape	-	0.1
50% of irrigation is harvested rainwater	-	0.1
Food cultivation	-	0.1
De-paved lot area	actual sf	0.1

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10. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

Green Score

10.4 GREEN SCORE

1. Overview

- a Green Score is an performance-based environmental landscape standard measured as a ratio of the weighted value of all landscape elements to the total land area (in square feet) of a lot.
- b. Calculation of the green score uses a value based system to incentivate landscape elements and sale design that contributes to the reduction of storm water runoff, the improvement of urban air quality, midgation of the urban heat slaand effect, and improved wellbeing of residents and visitors.
- The result of the green factor calculation relates to amincrease in the environmental performance and quality of urban landscape features.

2. Applicability

a. This section is applicable to the construction of a new principal building and to the modification, interior renovation, or both of an existing principal building that exceeds one hundred percent (100%) of the assessed value of the building, as identified on the most recent tax list maintained by the Assessor's Office of the City of Somerville, within any twelve (12) month period.

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- The Building Official shall establish standards for the administration of this Section.

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 - Determine total lot area
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 - Multiply the area in square feet, or the equivalent square footage, of each tempscape element by the assigned multipler identified in the third column of Table 10.3 (a) plus any bonus on Table 10.3 (b) to determine the vielabled score of Each element.
 - Add the weighted score of all landscape elements together.
 - Divide the resulting sum by the area of the lot to determine the final Green Score.
 - If necessary, redesign the landscape plan to achieve the required Green Score.

TABLE 10.3 (a) Green Score Calculation

	Credit	Multiplier
Soils		
Landscaped area with a soil depth < 24 inches	actual sf	0.3
Landscaped area with a soil depth => 24 inches	actual sf	0.6
Pervious Paving with 6 to 24 inches of subsurface soil or gravel	actual of	0.2
Pervious Paving with more than 24 inches of subsurface soil or gravel	actual of	0.5
Groundcovers		
Turfgrass, mulch, and inorganic surfacing materials	actualsf	0.1
Plants		1 2
Vegetation less than two (2) feet tall at maturity	actual sf	0.2
Vegetation at least two (2) feet tall at maturity	12 st	0.3
Trees		
Small Tree	50 st.	0.6
LargeTree	450 sf.	0.6
Preserved Tree	65 st	0.8
Engineered Landscape		
Vegetated Wall	actual sf	0.7
Rain gardens, bioswales, and stormwater planters.	actual sf	1.0
Green Roof with up to 6" of growth medium	actual sf	0.2
Green Roof with 6"-10" of growth medium	actual sf	0,4
Green Roof of 10"-24" growth medium	actual sf	0.6
Green Roof of over 24" growth medium	-	per individual landscape elements

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10. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

Green Score

b. Bonuses

- Review Boeras may establish additional boruses than those listed on Table 10.3 (b) to achieve other city policy objectives based on the recommendations of the Director of Transportation & Infrastructure.
- Each additional bonus may have a multiplier up to one-tenth (0.1) for each bonus.

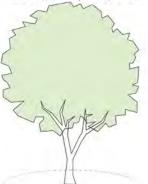
5. Eligibility

 All landscape elements must meet eligibility and quality standards established by the Director of Transportation & Infrastructure to ensure the long-term health, viability, and coverage of plantings.

6. Measurement

- a. If multiple landscape elements identified in the first column of fable 10.3 (el occupy the same area, for example groundcover under a tree, the full square footage or equivalent square footage of each element is constant.
- For trees, large shrubs, and large perennials, use the equivalent square footage indicated on Table 10.3 (a): so the
- For vegetated walls, the area calculated is the height times the width of the area to be covered by vegetation.
- d. For all elements other than trees, large shrubs, large perennials, and vegetated walls, square footage is calculated as the area of a horizontal plane that is over the landscape element.
- Landscape elements may qualify for bonus credits in addition to the standard green factor categories used to determine the green factor score.

FIGURE 10.3 (c) Stacking Landscape Elements





	Credit	Multiplier
Bonus Credits		
Publicly visible landscape		0.1
Native species	-	.0.1
High value species	- 1	0.1
50% of irrigation is harvested rainwater	- 10	D.1
Food cultivation	-	D.1
De-paved lot area	-	D.1

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DIVEZ/III

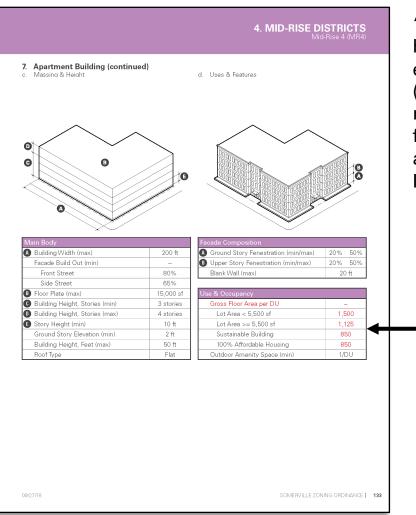
Lot Area=	10,000	Washington	DC: Gree	en Area Ratio			Seattle: G	reen Fa	ctor			Somerville	: Gree	Score	
	Area or Number	Sq Ft Credit	Multiplier	Weighted Area	GAR Value		Sq Ft Credit	Multiplier	Weighted Area	GAR Value		Sq Ft Credit	Multiplier	Weighterd Area	GAR Value
Ground/Underground															
pth of soil less than 24"	4,000	actual sq ft	0.3	1200	0.120	36%	actual sq ft	0.1	400	0.040	31%	actual sq ft	0.3	1200	0.120
pth of soil greater than 24"		actual sq ft	0.6	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.6	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0,6	0	0.000
rous pavement															
Shallow (under 24")		actual sq ft	0.4	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.2	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.2	0	0.000
Deep (over 24")		actual sq ft	0.5	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.5	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.5	0	0.000
oswale/Bioretention		actual sq ft	0.4	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	1.0	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	1.0	0	0.000
Vegetation															
ulch, lawn	1,500	actual sq ft	0.2	300	0.030	9%	actual sq ft	0.1	150	0.015	12%	actual sq ft	0.1	150	0.015
oundcovers other plants <2' at maturity	2,500	actual sq ft	0.2	500	0.050	15%	actual sq ft	0.1		0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.2	500	0.050
nts >2'at maturity	30	9	0.3	81	0.008	2%	12	0.3	108	0.011	8%	12	0.3	108	0.011
w Trees							377			21505					912.05
Small Tree (<30ft)	2	50	0.5	50	0.005	1%	75	0.3	45	0.005	3%	50	0.6	60	0.006
mall-Medium Tree		-	×	-	-		150	0.3	0	0.000	0%	2.0	-	-	-
Medium-Large Tree	11	4		-	- 3		250	0.4	0	0.000	0%	-	4	1 4 1	- 2
arge Tree (=>30ft)	2	250	0.6	300	0.030	9%	350	0.4	280	0.028	21%	450	0.6	540	0.054
eserved Tree															
(upto 12)		250	0.7	0	0.000	0%	1	8		100		1-1	8	-	2
1(12-18)		600	0.7	0	0.000	0%		2 1	2	-		4	-		
(18-24)	1	1300	0.7	910	0.091	27%	4	-					a	-	
L (24in+)		2000	0.8	0	0.000	0%	4	- 1		-		-	-		19
/ariable (enter DBH)	20	100		-			20	0.8	320	0.032	25%	65	8.0	1040	0.104
etated Wall		actual sq ft	0.6	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.7	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.7	0	0.000
en Roof								-		10-36-6-8					
epth <≥ inches	A	actual sq ft	0.6	.0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.4	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.3	0	0.000
epth >2-4 inches		actual sq ft	0.8	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.7	0	0.000	0%	actual sq ft	0.6	0	0.000



0.350

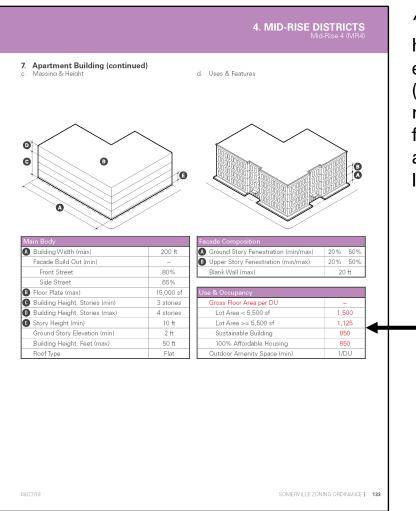
Sustainability



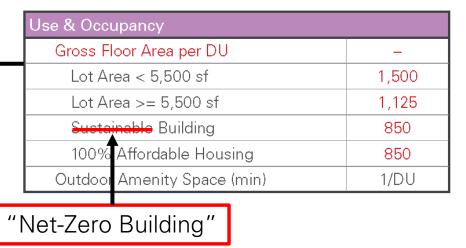


"Any building that 1) has no on-site combustion for heating and cooking (all electric systems) and 2) has an energy use intensity that is at least twenty-five percent (25%) below ASHRAE 90.1 2010, meets the requirements of Zero Carbon Certification or higher from the International Living Future Institute, or achieves PHIUS+ Certification from the Passive House Institute US."

Use & Occupancy	
Gross Floor Area per DU	_
Lot Area < 5,500 sf	1,500
Lot Area >= 5,500 sf	1,125
Sustainable Building	850
100% Affordable Housing	850
Outdoor Amenity Space (min)	1/DU



"Any building that 1) has no on-site combustion for heating and cooking (all electric systems) and 2) has an energy use intensity that is at least twenty-five percent (25%) below ASHRAE 90.1 2010, meets the requirements of Zero Carbon Certification or higher from the International Living Future Institute, or achieves PHIUS+ Certification from the Passive House Institute US."



Article 11: Parking & Mobility

- 11.2 Motor Vehicle Parking
- 11.2.3 Parking Structures

Electric Vehicle Service Equipment (EVSE)

- 1. Accessory Parking
 - Parking structures used for accessory parking must provide electrical capacity capable of supporting Level 2 EVSE to at least twenty-five percent (25%) of parking spaces, rounded up to the next whole number.
- 2. Commercial Parking
 - Parking structures used for commercial parking must provide electrical capacity capable of supporting Level 2 EVSE to at least fifteen percent (15%) of parking spaces, rounded up to the next whole number, and at least five percent (5%) of parking spaces, rounded up to the next whole number, must have an operational Level 2 EVSE installed.
 - EVSE capable of simultaneously charging two (2) vehicles is counted as two (2) Level 2 EVSE.



2. OVERVIEW & GUIDE

Standards & Measurements

- components and building frontages.
- Buildings and structures are not permitted to encroach upon any easement or the right-of-way of any public thoroughfare.
- Lots that cannot meet tower setback requirements on all sides are not appropriate for tall buildings.
- b. Parking Setbacks
 - Unless otherwise specified, all parking, excluding underground parking, must be located at or behind any required parking setback.
- c. Setback Encroachments
 - Building components may encroach into required setback as indicated for each type elsewhere in this Ordinance
 - ii. Comices, belt courses, sills, buttresses and other architectural features may encroach up to two (2) feet into a required setback, provided that at least two (2) feet is maintained from the vertical plane of any side lot line.
 - iii. Chimneys and flues may encroach up to four (4) feet into a required setback, provided that at least two (2) feet is maintained from the vertical plane of any lot line.
 - Building eaves and roof overhangs may encroach into a required setback, provided that at least two (2) feet is maintained from the vertical plane of any lot line.
 - Unenclosed fire escapes or emergency egress stairways may encroach into a required side or rear setback, provided that at least ten (10) feet is maintained from the vertical plane of any lot line.
 - vi. Mechanical equipment associated with residential uses, such as an HVAC unit, is not permitted in

- the frontage area of a lot, but may encroach into a required side or rear setback, provided that at least two (2) feet or the distance provided in the manufacturer's specifications, whichever is greater, is maintained from the vertical plane of any lot line.
- a). Air heat pumps and other energy-saving mechanical equipment with a day-night 24-hr average noise level of 55 dB(A) or less may fully encroach into a required setback.
- vii. Exterior walls are permitted to encroach into front, side, and rear setbacks up to eight inches (8°) only for the purpose of adding insulating sheathing to the exterior wall assembly, provided that at least two (2) feet is maintained from the vertical plane of any side let line.
- viii. Minor structures accessory to utilities, such as hydrants, manholes, transformers, and other cabinet structures, may fully encroach into a required setback.
- Terraces, uncovered and unenclosed patios, and structures below and covered by the ground may fully encroach into a required setback.
- x. Trellises or other structures attached to a building for the sole purpose of growing vines or other vegetation may encroach into a required setback provided that at least two (2) feet is maintained from the vertical plane of any side lot line.
- xi. Accessory structures, fences and walls, signs, and landscape buffers may encroach as indicated in Article 10: Development Standards.
- d. Frontage Ar
 - The area of a lot between the façade of a principal building and any front lot line(s) extending fully to

FIGURE 2.2 (c) Parking Setbacks

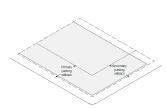
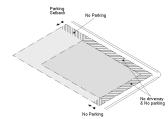


FIGURE 2.2 (d) Frontage Area



14 | SOMERVILLE ZONING ORDINANCE

10/24/17

2. OVERVIEW & GUIDE

Standards & Measurements

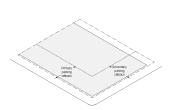
- components and building frontages.
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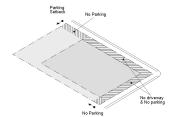
FIGURE 2.2 (c) Parking Setbacks

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 - The area of a lot between the façade of a principal building and any front lot line(s) extending fully to

FIGURE 2.2 (d) Frontage Area





14 SOMERVILLE ZONING ORDINANCE

10/24/17

- vi. Mechanical equipment associated with residential uses, such as an HVAC unit, is not permitted in the frontage area of a lot, but may encroach into a required side or rear setback, provided that at least two (2) feet or the distance provided in the manufacturer's specifications, whichever is greater, is maintained from the vertical plane of any lot line.
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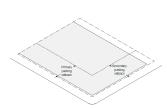
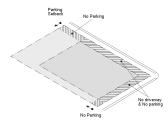


FIGURE 2.2 (d) Frontage Area



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10/24/1.

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10. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

Sustainable Development

10.9 SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

1. Green Buildings

- a. New construction or alterations between 25,000 and 50,000 SF of gross floor area must be LEED Silver certifiable.
- New construction or alterations greater than 50,000 SF of gross floor area must be LEED Gold certifiable.
- c. Development subject to the provisions of this Section must meet the standards of the most current LEED building rating system. During the twelve (12) month time period after the adoption of a new version of LEED, permit applications may be submitted demonstrating compliance to either the immediately previous or newly adopted version of the LEED building rating system
- The following submittal materials must be included with a development review application required for development subject to the provisions of this Section:
 - i A completed LEED checklist for the appropriate LEED building standard to demonstrate how the proposed development is anticipated to meet the standards of this Section.
 - ii. A narrative indicating the mechanisms proposed to achieve each of the credits and prerequisities of the appropriate LEED building standard and demonstrating the anticipated methods by which compliance with the requirements of this Section will be achieved at the time of construction,
 - iiii An affidavit by a LEED-Accredited Professional (LEED-AP) Project Manager or by appropriate consultants stating that to the best of their knowledge, the project has been designed to achieve the stated LEED building standard.
- e. Prior to the issuance of the first Building Permit and prior to the issuance of the first Certificate of Occupancy, the LEED checklist and narrative description outlining compliance with the certification level required by this Section must be updated to identify any design changes made subsequent to Site Plan Approval and submitted to the Building Official accompanied by an afflicavit by a LEED-DAP Project Manager or appropriate consultants stating that, to the best of their knowledge, the project has been designed to achieve the stated LEED building standard.

2. Green Roofs & Storm Water Management

- To every extent practicable, storm water should be reused on-site for irrigation and other purposes where appropriate.
- b. The review boards may authorize the City Engineer to grant a credit to properties, against which any storm water impact fees are imposed, equivalent to the quantity of storm water that is removed from entering

the system through the use of green roofs or other onsite storm water management practices.

3. Heat Island Reduction

- a. Applicability
- This section is applicable to all development in any district

b. Standards

- Roofs and parking covers must have a Solar Reflectance Index as specified on Table 10.9 (a) for a minimum of seventy five percent (75%) of the roof area or parking spaces.
 - a). Roof area and parking spaces covered by solar collectors and green roofs compliant with the provisions of this Ordinance are exempt.
- Uncovered surface parking spaces must have a minimum initial solar reflectance of 0.33 or three (3) year aged solar reflectance of 0.28.

TABLE 10.9 (a) Required Solar Reflectance Index

	Initial SRI	3 year aged SRI
Flat roofs and roofs pitched at or below nine and one-half degrees (9.5°; 2:12)	82	64
Roofs pitched above nine and one-half degrees (9.5°; 2:12)	39	32
Parking Cover	39	32

4. Environmental Performance

- The review boards shall establish submittal requirements for development review applications to ensure the following:
- That shadows cast by high-rise buildings do not substantially and adversely limit ground level access to sunlight on sidewalks and Civic Spaces.
- That by high-rise buildings pedestrian level wind velocities do not exceed acceptable levels for various activities existing or proposed at particular locations.
- That buildings do not cause visual impairment or discomfort due to reflective spot glare and solar heat buildup in any nearby buildings.

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TABLE 10.9 (a) Required Solar Reflectance Index

1.52	Initial SRI	3 year aged SRI
Flat roofs and roofs pitched at or below nine and one-half degrees (9.5°; 2:12)	82	64
Roofs pitched above nine and one-half degrees (9.5°; 2:12)	39	32
Parking Cover	39	32

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Sustainable Development

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- That by high-rise buildings pedestrian level wind velocities do not exceed acceptable levels for various activities existing or proposed at particular locations.
- That buildings do not cause visual impairment or discomfort due to reflective spot glare and solar heat buildup in any nearby buildings.

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TONIGHT'S AGENDA

- 1. Summary of what has changed
- 2. What work still needs done?
 - a) Recently Proposed Amendments
 - b) Affordable Housing
 - c) Neighborhood Meetings
 - d) Design Review
 - e) Transit Areas Map

Proposed Amendments

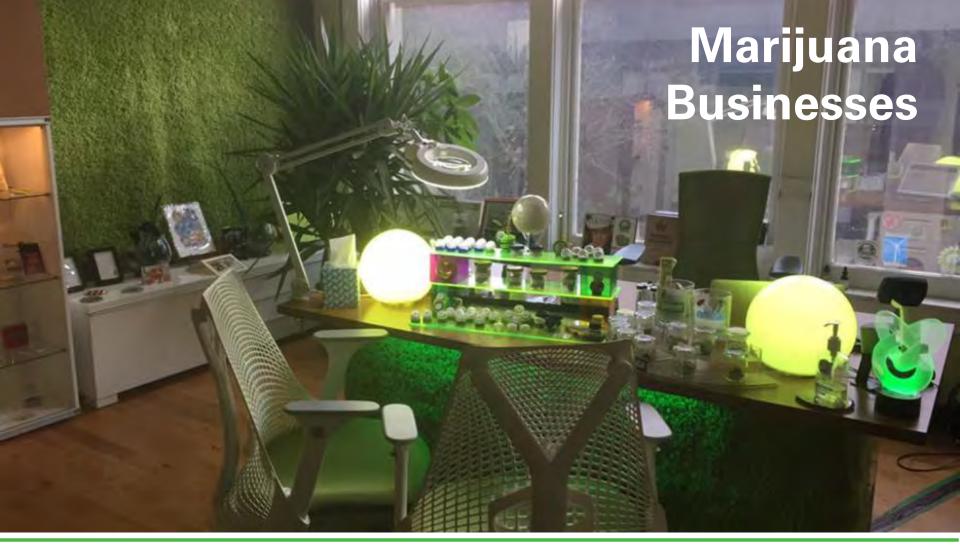




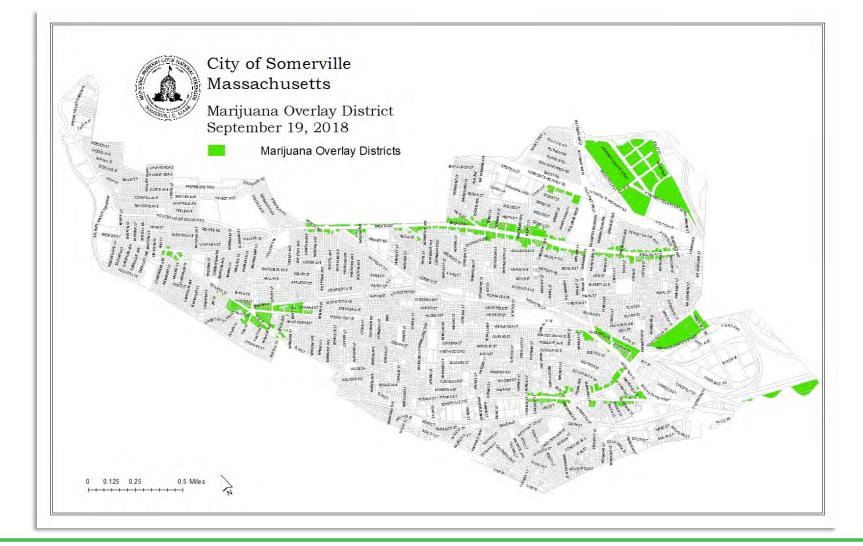


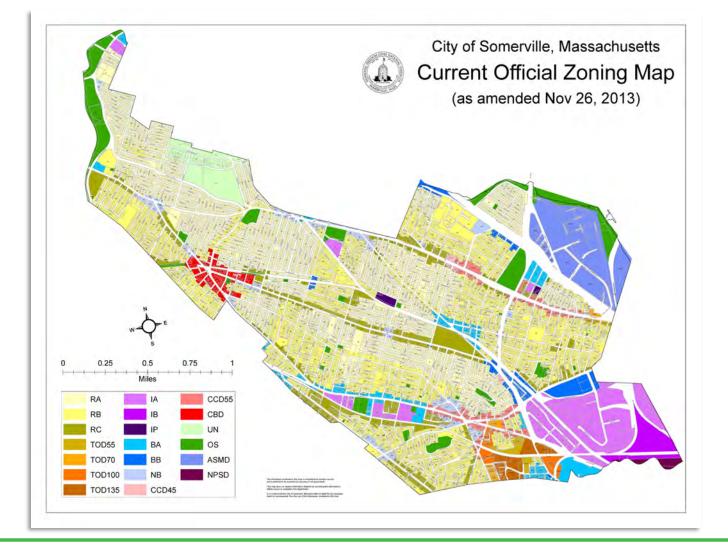










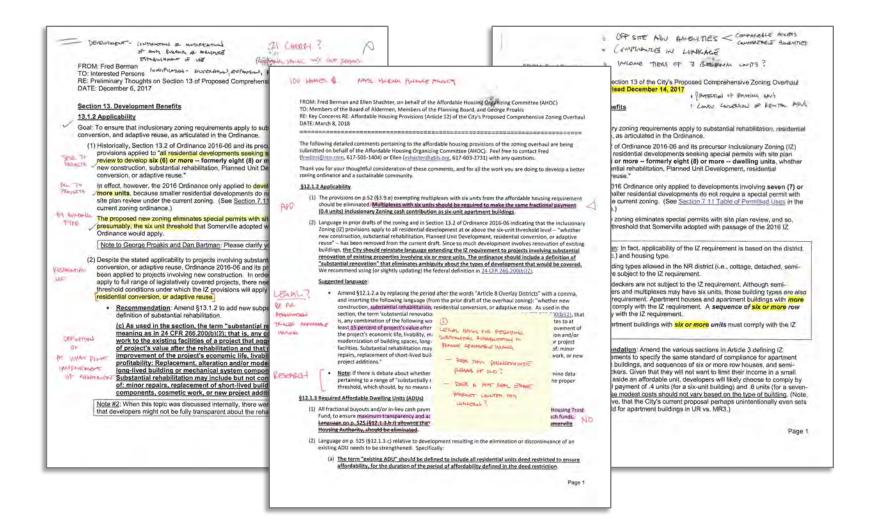






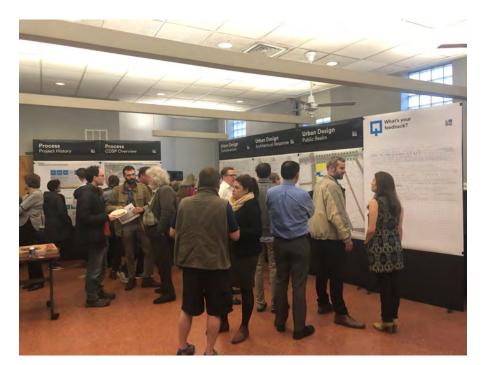
Affordable Housing





Neighborhood Meetings







Design Review



NEVIEW DESIGN REVIEW: EARLY DESIGN GUIDANCE PROPOSAL PACKET CHECKLIST Information to be included in each Section 8.0 Three viable alternative architectural massing concepts showing your design Architectural thinking process and how the designs respond to the context and design guidelines. Massing Include a code complying scheme with no departures. Graphics for all options should Concept(s) be comparable and generally show the same development objectives. Incl proposed site plan/ground floor plan in context showing the proposed structure(s) footprint. Composite ground floor plan desired. Include property lines and dimensions. Indicate preferred massing. ☐ 8.2 If Exceptional Tree(s) is on-site, at least one option must show retention of all those trees and any related departures. If Exceptional Tree(s) are confirmed to be on-site after an EDG meeting, a second EDG is may be required so that massing alternatives preserving the trees may be considered with the other massing options. Include one sheet that compares these options side by side. For each concept, list opportunities and constraints of each option. Express how the urban design analysis has informed these concepts. ☐ ※ Include conceptual floor plans, using color to differentiate uses in context with property lines and abutting properties. Show siting, massing, open space, façade treatments, and access. One or more color renderings adequate to depict the overall massing of structures and the design concept. Street level perspectives preferred. Three dimensional studies and sketches (including those at the street level), are optional to better assist the planner and Board in evaluating the design proposal. ☐ 88 Include precedent images from the neighborhood or beyond that will inform the design development of the proposed development. Clearly caption each and note the specific relevance of the image to the proposed development. ☐ 85: Basic sun/shadow graphical analysis at following times*: March/Sept 21 (combined); June 21; Dec 21; at 9am; noon; 3pm; equinox should be bigger; shadow cast by proposal should be differentiated from existing ones, by darker tone or color. *Show/label any impacts on public parks, plazas or similar; more detailed analysis may be required. Departure summary table for all anticipated development standard departures, Departures including the following: Code citation; Code requirement; Proposed design departure; Rationale explaining how the departure results in a project which better meets. the intent of specific design guidelines; Graphics, as needed, to clearly explain the departure(s) showing code compliant dimension/area and the requested departure with dimensions/ sq. ft./% of difference.

DESIGN REVIEW: EARLY DESIGN GUIDANCE PROPOSAL PACKET CHECKLIST

NEVIEW.

Section

Information to be included in each Carting

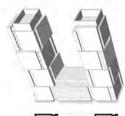
Architectural Massing Concept(s) Three <u>viable</u> alternative architectural massing concepts stowing your design thinking process and now the designs respond to the context and design guidelines, include a code complying scheme with no departures, Graphics for all options should be comparable and generally show the same development objectives. Include proposed site plan/ground floor plan in context showing the proposed structure(s) footprint. Composite ground floor plan desired. Include property lines and dimensions. Indicate preferred massing.



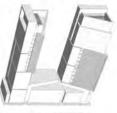




OPTION 3 | PREFERRED













Option 1

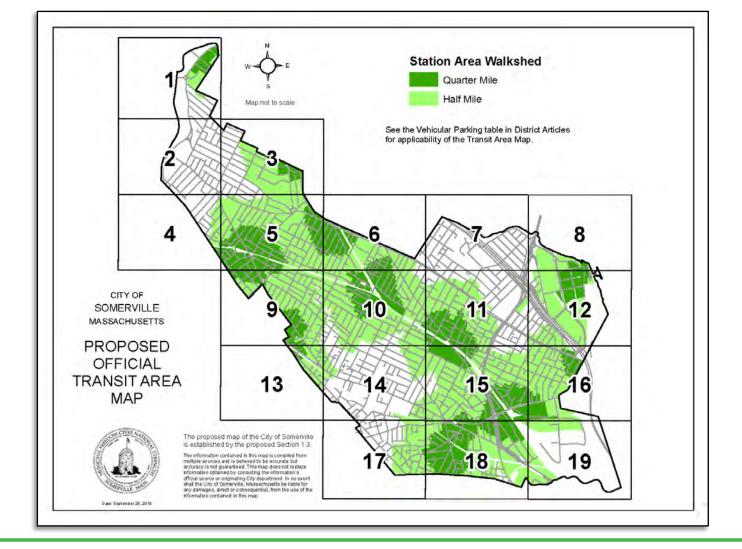
Option 2

Option 3



Transit Areas Map





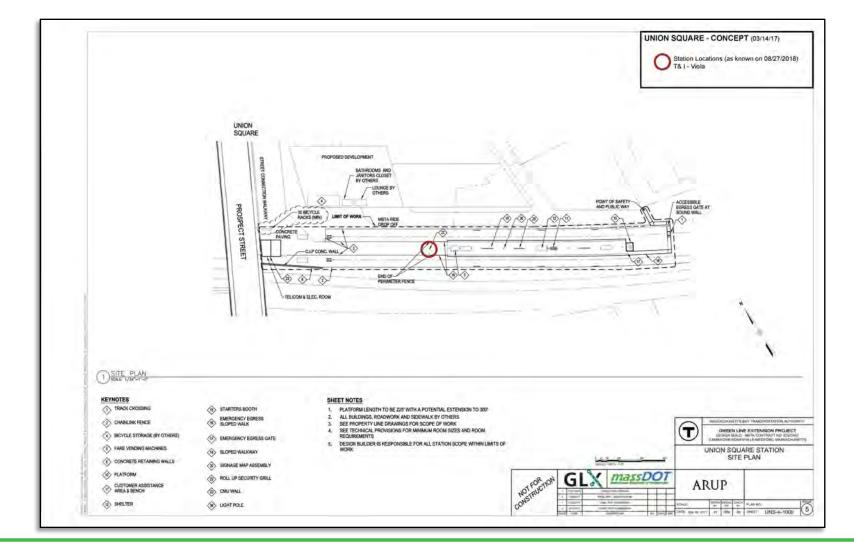
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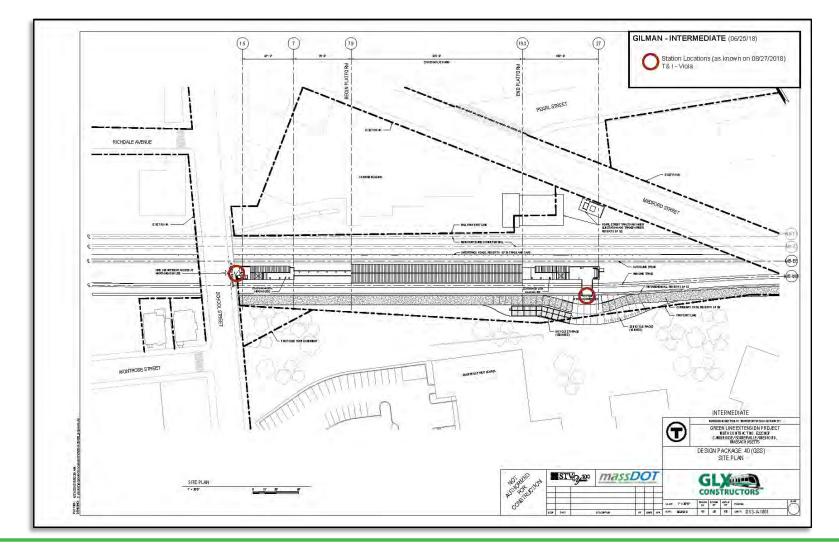
760 CMR 59.00 SMART GROWTH ZONING DISTRICTS AND STARTER HOME ZONING DISTRICTS

Substantial Transit Access Area

A location that comprises:

- In the case of a Smart Growth Zoning District, part or all of the land located within ½ mile distance of any rapid transit or commuter rail station, bus or ferry terminal (measured from the entry point(s) to the passenger platforms); and
- 2. In the case of a Starter Home Zoning District, part or all of the land located within a one mile distance of any rapid transit or commuter rail station, bus or ferry terminal (measured from the entry point(s) to the passenger platforms).





PUBLIC FEEDBACK



SOMERVILLEZONING.COM



Proposed Code

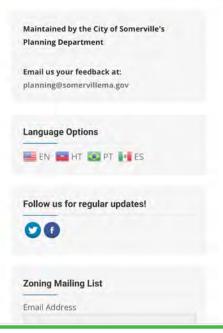
The Administration has ally submitted the proposed Zoning and to the Board of Aldermen. To review a timeline of the step and of Address and the step and the step

Please provide your feedback on our **CiviComment page**, and don't forget to join us in the upcoming public hearings by the Planning Board and the Board of Aldermen Land Use Committee:

- On Tuesday, February 13, 2018, at 6:00 p.m. in the Aldermanic Chambers on the Second Floor of Somerville City Hall, 93 Highland Avenue, the City Administration will introduce the code, provide an overview, and highlight the differences between the proposed 2018 overhaul and the 2015 version;
- On Tuesday, March 13, 2018, at 6:00 p.m. in the Aldermanic Chambers on the Second Floor of Somerville City Hall, 93 Highland Avenue, the Planning Board and Land Use Committee will accept public comments;

For those who may be interested, the Land Use Committee and Planning Board will also meet on **Wednesday**, **January 31**, **2018**, **at 6:00 p.m**, in the Aldermanic Chambers on the Second Floor of Somerville City Hall, 93 Highland Avenue, for an introduction by administration staff to the drafting technique, document structure, and other technical items related to the proposed ordinance.

Below is the current draft of the new Somerville Zoning Ordinance. A change log and previous drafts are





Mayor Joseph A Curtatone Office of Strategic Planning & Community Development





If you do not have a login, click the "Register" link on the top right to sign up, then choose any document below. While in view mode, click anywhere on the document to add comments.



Proposed Zoning Code - Article 1 -Introductory Provisions

No description available.



Proposed Zoning Code - Article 2 - Overview & Guide

No description available.

About This site is for collecting community feedback

More Info

for the City of Somerville, Massachusetts





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Proposed Zoning Code - Article 1 - Introductory Provisions

No description available.



Proposed Zoning Code - Article 2 - Overview & Guide

No description available.



Proposed Zoning Code - Article 3 - Residential Districts



This site is for collecting community feedback for the City of Somerville, Massachusetts

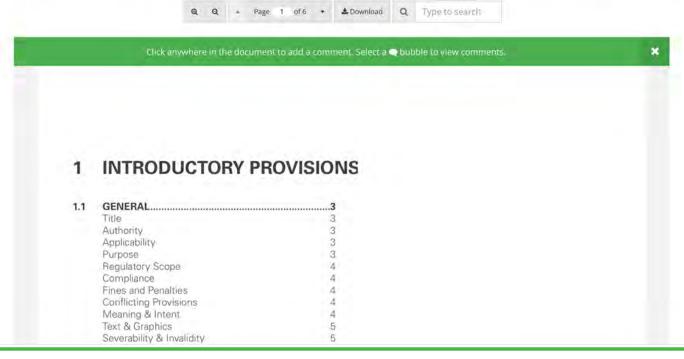
More Info







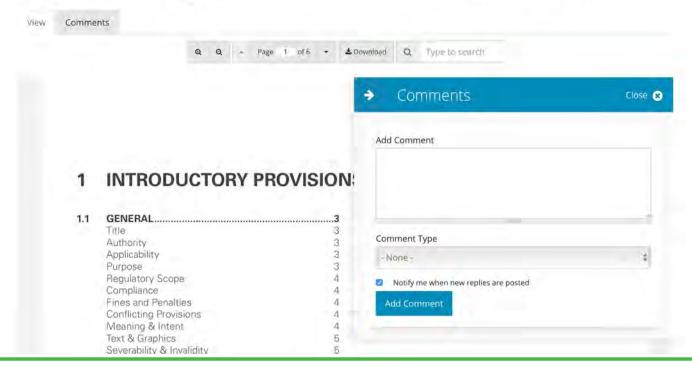
Proposed Zoning Code - Article 1 - Introductory Provisions





(?) Support

Proposed Zoning Code - Article 1 - Introductory Provisions

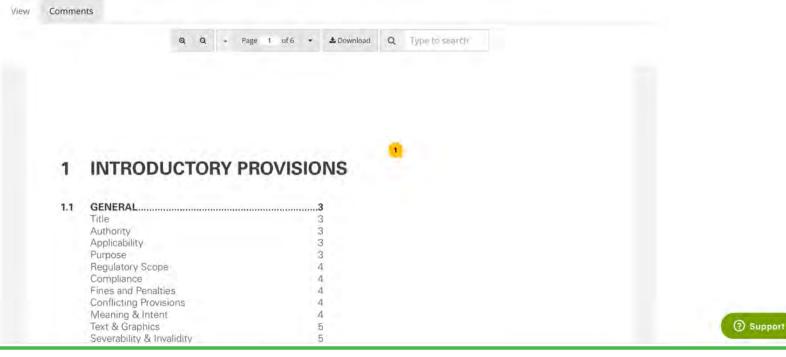






City of Somerville Public Document Comments

Proposed Zoning Code - Article 1 - Introductory Provisions

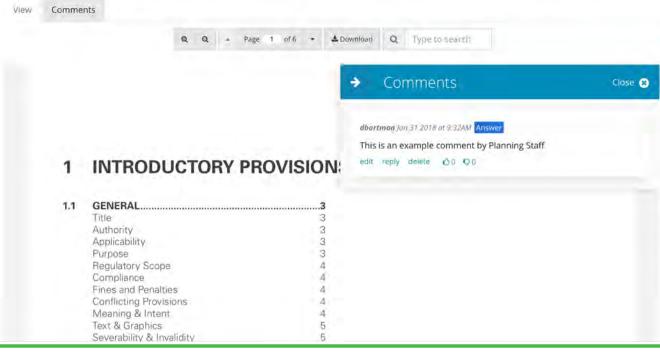






City of Somerville Public Document Comments

Proposed Zoning Code - Article 1 - Introductory Provisions





Support

Direct Link

somerville.civicomment.org



Contact the the Planning Division with feedback at:

planning@somervillema.gov



City of Somerville **ZONING OVERHAUL**

www.somervillezoning.com